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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/927,753	08/10/2001	Thomas R. Fields	2025.29	6611
7590 05/20/2004			EXAMINER	
SUSAN S. JACKSON			LAVILLA, MICHAEL E	
KENNEDY,CO	OVINGTON,LOBDEL	L & HICKMAN, L.L.P.		
214 NORTH TRYON STREET CHARLOTE, NC 28202			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1775	

DATE MAILED: 05/20/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

·		Application No. Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		09/927,753	FIELDS, THOMA	AS R.	
		Examiner	Art Unit		
		Michael La Villa	1775		
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication apport	pears on the cover sheet w	with the correspondence a	ddress	
THE I - Exter after - If the - If NO - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repl re to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute the process of the provided by the Office later than three months after the mailine and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a y within the statutory minimum of the will apply and will expire SIX (6) MC, cause the application to become a	a reply be timely filed nirty (30) days will be considered time DNTHS from the mailing date of this of ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status			•		
1)[Responsive to communication(s) filed on 26 F	ebruary 2004.			
		action is non-final.			
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the men					
	closed in accordance with the practice under \boldsymbol{k}	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.	D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.		
Dispositi	on of Claims				
4)⊠ 5)⊠ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) 1 and 4-136 is/are pending in the app 4a) Of the above claim(s) 83-108 is/are withdra Claim(s) 1, 4-82, 109-115, and 120-136 is/are Claim(s) 116-119 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	awn from consideration. allowed.			
Applicati	on Papers				
•	The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on 10 August 2001 is/are: Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	a) \boxtimes accepted or b) \square of drawing(s) be held in abeya	ance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).		
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	caminer. Note the attache	ed Office Action or form P	TO-152.	
Priority u	inder 35 U.S.C. § 119				
12) 🗌	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Bureau	s have been received. s have been received in rity documents have bee	Application No	l Stage	
* S	ee the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies no	ot received.		
B44 T					
Attachment	c(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Intensions	Summary (PTO-413)		
2) Notice 3) Inform	e of Praftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) 'No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No	o(s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application (PT	O-152)	

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham v. John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148
 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
 - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
 - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
 - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
 - 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 3. Claims 116-119 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Murano USPA 2002/0108708. Murano teaches coating a clear polymeric substrate with a first discontinuous metal layer and a second discontinuous metal layer. See Murano (Abstract; Figures 1 and 2; paragraphs 25, 28, 30, 31, 34, 46, 49, 50; and Claims). Murano does not exemplify a PVF or PVDF substrate film, but does teach that such films are effective. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to utilize a PVF or PVDF substrate film in the articles of Murano as Murano teaches that laminates formed from such substrate films are effective. Murano does not exemplify two

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discontinuous metal island layers formed of indium and tin as claimed, but does teach that such materials are effective for forming laminates having two discontinuous layers. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to fabricate the articles of Murano with two discontinuous metal island layers of the claimed materials in the claimed order of deposition as Murano teaches that such metal materials formed in these structures form effective laminates. Murano suggests that the first thermoplastic layer may be tinted. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to tint the PVF or PVDF first thermoplastic layer as Murano teaches that effective layers in this position of the laminates of Murano may be tinted. Such tinted films may be deemed a design. Murano teaches that a third thermoplastic layer may be applied on the second discontinuous metal layer and that thermoplastic layers may be applied on discontinuous metal layers with an adhesive material. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to apply an adhesive layer prior to applying the third thermoplastic layer as Murano teaches that this is an effective method of applying a thermoplastic layer. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to utilize any of the thermoplastic materials disclosed by Murano for the third layer, including those claimed, since these are described as effective by Murano. Murano teaches that the islands are discrete and specular at paragraph 25, and the islands are depicted in Figures 1. and 2 as having widths of comparable size to thickness. Since the thickness are

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comparable to 30 nm, the average width would be expected to be less than 100 nm. Murano teaches that depositing two metal island layers provides effective laminates and that metal island layers may be made of any number of metals. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to fabricate both metal island layers from the same material as Murano teaches that islands of the layers can be made of indium or other metals, which encompasses layers of the same metals.

Response to Amendment

- In view of applicant's amendments and arguments, applicant traverses the section 112, second paragraph rejections of the Office Action mailed on 27 October 2003. Rejections are withdrawn. Applicant's response is understood to mean that "contiguous" requires "intimate contact" as referred to in the Specification at the portion cited by applicant. Applicant's response is understood to mean that deposited randomly oriented metal flakes would not be encompassed by the terminology "discontinuous layer of metal islands."
- II. In view of applicant's amendments and rejections, applicant traverses the section 103 rejection over Murano of the Office Action mailed on 27 October 2003. Rejections are withdrawn

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except to the extent that they are presented above for the reasons given above.

Allowable Subject Matter

4. Claims 1, 4-82, 109-115, and 120-136 are allowed. These claims were indicated as being allowable in the Office Action mailed on 27 October 2003. Further search and consideration of the non-elected species reveals that the claimed subject matter is neither taught nor suggested by the prior art of record and the reviewed prior art. Hence, the claims are allowed.

Conclusion

- 5. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael La Villa whose telephone number is (571) 272-1539. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday.
- 6. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Deborah Jones can be reached on (571) 272-1535. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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7. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Michael La Villa May 11, 2004